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1. A method of using vaults as carrier molecules to deliver one or more than one substance to an organism, or to a specific tissue or to specific cells, or to an environmental medium, comprising:

- a) providing vaults;
- b) incorporating the one or more than one substance into the vaults; and
- c) administering the vaults comprising the one or more than one substance to the organism, to the specific tissue, to the specific cells, or to the environmental medium.
- 2. The method of claim 1, where the vaults provided are purified from natural sources.
 - 3. The method of claim 1, where the vaults provided are generated using recombinant technology.
 - 4. The method of claim 1, where incorporation is accomplished by incubating the vaults with the one or more than one substance.
- 5. The method of claim 1, where the one or more than one substance is selected from 15 the group consisting of an enzyme, a pharmaceutical agent, a plasmid, a polynucleotide, a polypeptide, a sensor and a combination of the preceding.
 - 6. A vault-like particle comprising MVP.
 - 7. The vault-like particle of claim 6, further comprising VPARP or modified VPARP, or a portion of VPARP or a modified portion of VPARP.
 - 8. The vault-like particle of claim 6, further comprising TEP1 or modified TEP1, or a portion of TEP1 or a modified portion of TEP1.
 - 9. A vault-like particle comprising modified MVP.
 - 10. The vault-like particle of claim 9, where the modified MVP comprises an amino acid sequence added to the N-terminal of the MVP which results in one or more than one substance-binding domain within the vault-like particle.
 - 11. The vault-like particle of claim 10, where the one or more than one substancebinding domain is between 1 and 95 substance-binding domains.
 - 12. The vault-like particle of claim 10, where the one or more than one substancebinding domain is 96 substance-binding domains.
 - 13. The vault-like particle of claim 10, where the one or more than one substancebinding domain is greater than 96 substance-binding domains.

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- 14. The vault-like particle of claim 10, where the one or more than one substance-binding domain within the vault-like particle is one or more than one heavy metal binding domain.
- 15. The vault-like particle of claim 14, where the one or more than one heavy metal binding domain binds a heavy metal selected from the group consisting of cadmium, copper, gold and mercury.
 - 16. The vault-like particle of claim 14, where the peptide added to the N-terminal is a cysteine-rich peptide.
 - 17. The vault-like particle of claim 10, where the one or more than one substance-binding domain within the vault-like particle is one or more than one polynucleotide-binding domain.
 - 18. The vault-like particle of claim 17, where the one or more than one polynucleotide-binding domain is a non-specific polynucleotide-binding peptide.
 - 19. The vault-like particle of claim 17, where the one or more than one polynucleotide-binding domain is a specific polynucleotide-binding peptide.
 - 20. The vault-like particle of claim 9, where the modified MVP comprises an amino acid sequence added to the N-terminal of the MVP creates a sensor in the vault-like particle.
 - 21. The vault-like particle of claim 20, where the sensor is selected from the group consisting of a chemical sensor, an ionic sensor, a microorganism sensor, an optical sensor and a pH sensor.
 - 22. The vault-like particle of claim 20, where the sensor is a green fluorescent protein.
 - 23. The vault-like particle of claim 9, where the modified MVP comprises an amino acid sequence added to the C-terminal of the MVP which results in one or more than one receptor-binding domain.
 - 24. The vault-like particle of claim 23, where the one or more than one receptor-binding domain is between 1 and 95 receptor-binding domains.
 - 25. The vault-like particle of claim 23, where the one or more than one receptor-binding domain is 96 receptor-binding domains.
 - 26. The vault-like particle of claim 23, where the one or more than one receptor-binding domain is greater than 96 receptor-binding domains.
 - 27. The vault-like particle of claim 23, where the one or more than one receptor-

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binding domain is non-specific.

- 28. The vault-like particle of claim 23, where the one or more than one receptorbinding domain is specific.
- 29. The vault-like particle of claim 10, where the modified MVP further comprises an amino acid sequence added to the C-terminal of the MVP which results in one or more than one receptor-binding domain.
- 30. The vault-like particle of claim 29, where the one or more than one receptor-binding domain is between 1 and 95 receptor-binding domains.
- 31. The vault-like particle of claim 29, where the one or more than one receptor-binding domain is 96 receptor-binding domains.
- 32. The vault-like particle of claim 29, where the one or more than one receptor-binding domain, is greater than 96 receptor-binding domains.
- 33. The vault-like particle of claim 29, where the one or more than one receptorbinding domain is non-specific.
- 34. The vault-like particle of claim 29, where the one or more than one receptorbinding domain is specific.
- 35. The vault-like particle of claim 9, where the modified MVP comprises both an amino acid sequence added to the C-terminal of the MVP and an amino acid sequence added to the N-terminal of the MVP.
- 36. A vault-like particle comprising MVP or modified MVP, and further comprising VPARP or a portion of VPARP comprising at least about 150 consecutive residues of VPARP.
- 37. The vault-like particle of claim 36, where the portion of VPARP comprises residues from about residue 1562 to 1724 of human VPARP, SEQ ID NO:3.
- 38. The vault-like particle of claim 36, where the portion of VPARP comprises residues from about residue 1473 to 1724 of human VPARP, SEQ ID NO:3.
- 39. The vault-like particle of claim 36, where the VPARP or portion of VPARP is modified.
- 40. The vault-like particle of claim 39, where the modification comprises adding an amino acid sequence added to the C-terminal of the VPARP or portion of VPARP.
- 41. The vault-like particle of claim 39, where the modification comprises adding an amino acid sequence added to the N-terminal of the VPARP or portion of VPARP.

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- 42. The vault-like particle of claim 39, where the modification comprises adding an amino acid sequence added to both the C-terminal and the N-terminal of the VPARP or portion of VPARP.
- 42. The vault-like particle of claim 36, where the modified MVP comprises an amino acid sequence added to the C-terminal of the MVP.
- 44. The vault-like particle of claim 36, where the modified MVP comprises an amino acid sequence added to the N-terminal of the MVP.
- 45. The vault-like particle of claim 36, where the modified MVP comprises both a peptide added to the C-terminal and a peptide added to the N-terminal.
- 46. A method of preventing damage by one or more than one substance to an organism, to a specific tissue, to specific cells, or to an environmental medium, by sequestering the one or more than one substance within a vault-like particle, comprising:
 - a) providing vault-like particles;
- b) administering the vault-like particles to the organism, tissue, cells or environmental medium; and
- c) allowing the vault-like particles to sequester the one or more than one substance within the vault-like particles.
- 47. The method of claim 46, where the one or more than one substance is a heavy metal selected from the group consisting of cadmium, copper, gold and mercury.
- 48. The method of claim 46, where the one or more than one substance is a toxin selected from the group consisting of arsenate, dioxin, an organochlorine, a pentachlorophenol and a polychlorinated biphenyl.
- 49. The method of claim 46, where providing the vault-like particles comprises expressing the vault-like particles in a eukaryotic organism.
- 50. A method of delivering one or more than one substance to an organism, to a specific tissue, to specific cells, or to an environmental medium, comprising:
 - a) providing vault-like particles comprising the one or more than one substance; and
- b) administering the vault-like particles comprising the one or more than one substance to the organism, tissue, cells or environmental medium.
- 51. The method of claim 50, where the vault-like particles comprise, consist essentially of or consist of a modified MVP in addition to the one or more than one substance.

52. The method of claim 50, where the vault-like particles comprise a modified VPARP or modified portion of VPARP.

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- 53. The method of claim 50, where the vault-like particles comprise both a modified MVP according to the present invention, and a modified VPARP or modified portion of VPARP.
- 54. The method of claim 50, where the one or more than one substance is selected from the group consisting of an enzyme, a pharmaceutical agent, a plasmid, a polynucleotide, a polypeptide, a sensor and a combination of the preceding.
- 55. The method of claim 50, where the one or more than one substance is adenosine deaminase.
 - 56. A method of delivering one or more than one sensor to an organism, to a specific tissue, to specific cells, or to an environmental medium, comprising:
 - a) providing a vault-like particle comprising the one or more than one sensor; and
- b) administering the vault-like particle to the organism, specific tissue, specific cells,
 or environmental medium.
 - 57. The method of claim 56, where the vault-like particles comprise, consist essentially of or consist of a modified MVP, in addition to the one or more than one sensor.
 - 58. The method of claim 56, where the vault-like particles comprise a modified VPARP or modified portion of VPARP.
 - 59. The method of claim 56, where the vault-like particles comprise both a modified MVP, and a modified VPARP or modified portion of VPARP.
 - 60. The method of claim 56, where the sensor is selected from the group consisting of a chemical sensor, a fluorescent sensor, an ionic sensor, a microorganism sensor, an optical sensor, and a pH sensor.
 - 61. A method of detecting a signal from a sensor within an organism, or a specific tissue or specific cells, comprising:
 - a) delivering one or more than one sensor to an organism, to a specific tissue, to specific cells, or to an environmental medium according to claim 56; and
 - b) detecting the presence of the sensor.
 - 62. The method of claim 61, where detection is accomplished by fluorometry or by spectrophotometry.
 - 63. A method of making vault-like particles comprising:

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- a) creating polynucleotide sequences encoding one or more than one polypeptide selected from the group consisting of MVP, modified MVP, VPARP, a portion of VPARP, modified VPARP, a modified portion of VPARP, TEP1, a portion of TEP1, modified TEP1 and a modified portion of TEP1;
 - b) using the polynucleotide sequences created to generate a bacmid DNA;
 - c) using the bacmid DNA to generate a baculovirus comprising the sequence; and
- d) using the baculovirus to infect insect cells for protein production using an *in situ* assembly system.
- 64. A method of making vault-like particles comprising one or more than one substance, the method comprising:
 - a) making vault-like particles according to claim 63; and
 - b) co-incubated the vault-like particles with the one or more than one substance.
- 65. The method of claim 64, where the one or more than one substance is selected from the group consisting of enzyme, a pharmaceutical agent, a plasmid, a polynucleotide, a polypeptide, a sensor and a combination of the preceding.
- 66. The method of claim 64, further comprising purifying the vault-like particles after making the vault-like particles.